

HOLY FAMILY SCHOOL (PORIRUA)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

School Directory

Ministry Number: 2859

Principal: Sue Goodin

School Address: 169 Mungavin Avenue, Cannons Creek

School Postal Address: 169 Mungavin Avenue, Cannons Creek, Porirua, 5024

School Phone: 04 237 7664

School Email: office@holyfamily.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider: Education

Dedicated to your school



HOLY FAMILY SCHOOL (PORIRUA)

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2023

Index

Page	Statement
1	Statement of Responsibility
2	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
3	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
4	Statement of Financial Position
5	Statement of Cash Flows
6 - 20	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Independent Auditor's Report



Holy Family School (Porirua)

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2023

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2023 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
Date:	



Holy Family School (Porirua) Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	2,281,965	2,003,387	2,309,300
Locally Raised Funds	3	70,784	15,300	52,538
Use of Proprietor's Land and Buildings		175,728	126,001	126,001
Interest		17,431	1,000	3,900
Total Revenue	-	2,545,908	2,145,688	2,491,739
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	33,632	34,800	37,041
Learning Resources	4	1,805,188	1,839,814	1,798,171
Administration	5	390,471	182,057	330,690
Interest		842	800	984
Property	6	339,445	251,318	261,534
Other Expenses	7	22,887	29,000	20,897
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,825	-	-
Total Expense	-	2,594,290	2,337,789	2,449,317
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(48,382)	(192,101)	42,422
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	(48,382)	(192,101)	42,422

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Holy Family School (Porirua) Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	<u>-</u>	931,013	941,931	879,830
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		(48,382) 40,257	(192,101) -	42,422 8,761
Equity at 31 December	- -	922,888	749,830	931,013
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		922,888	749,830	931,013
Equity at 31 December	- -	922,888	749,830	931,013

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Holy Family School (Porirua) Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023	2023 Budget	2022
		Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	347,870	208,160	418,540
Accounts Receivable	9	136,756	135,934	114,258
GST Receivable		5,390	5,042	5,029
Prepayments		24,455	2,700	13,259
Inventories	10	-	4,524	226
Investments	11	141,891	24,030	64,137
	-	656,362	380,390	615,449
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	13	153,607	145,861	143,314
Borrowings	14	4,983	-	-
Revenue Received in Advance	15	13,024	(1,311)	2,245
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	16	63,000	16,200	-
Finance Lease Liability	17	7,247	9,384	9,795
	-	241,861	170,134	155,354
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		414,501	210,256	460,095
Non-current Assets		4 000		4 000
Investments (more than 12 months)	11	1,030	-	1,030
Property, Plant and Equipment	12	549,437	550,000	544,942
	-	550,467	550,000	545,972
Non-current Liabilities				
Borrowings	14	17,441	-	-
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	16	18,682	-	69,091
Finance Lease Liability	17	5,957	10,426	5,963
	-	42,080	10,426	75,054
Net Assets	- =	922,888	749,830	931,013
	_	922,888	749,830	931,013

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Holy Family School (Porirua) Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023	2023 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2022 Actual \$
		Actual \$		
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		709,721	667,613	807,556
Locally Raised Funds		67,933	15,300	56,044
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(361)	-	13
Payments to Employees		(485,615)	(445,166)	(452,741)
Payments to Suppliers		(295,886)	(285,786)	(296,401)
Interest Paid		(842)	(800)	(984)
Interest Received		15,238	1,000	3,489
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	-	10,188	(47,839)	116,976
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(58,762)	(64,000)	(29,038)
Purchase of Investments		(77,754)	-	(827)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	•	(136,516)	(64,000)	(29,865)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		40,257	-	8,761
Finance Lease Payments		(7,022)	(9,795)	(7,126)
Loans Received		24,915	-	-
Repayment of Loans		(2,492)	-	-
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	-	55,658	(9,795)	1,635
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	(70,670)	(121,634)	88,746
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	418,540	329,794	329,794
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	347,870	208,160	418,540

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, and the use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Holy Family School (Porirua) Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2023

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Holy Family School (Porirua) (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Proprietor's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 16.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 12.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 17. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 22b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the school as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings. This expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.



Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of Uniforms and 1-1 Device. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Proprietor are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Proprietor are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements20 yearsFurniture and Equipment5-10 yearsInformation and Communication Technology5 yearsLeased assets held under a Finance LeaseTerm of Lease

k) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.



r) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the school operates is owned by the Proprietor. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The school carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

s) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

t) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

u) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

v) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

w) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	966,258	671,405	971,395
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,315,707	1,331,982	1,337,905
	2,281,965	2,003,387	2,309,300

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$33,444.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	23,880	7,000	19,403
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	12,004	3,000	9,006
Trading	217	-	2,483
Fundraising & Community Grants	33,668	5,300	21,646
Other Revenue	1,015	-	-
	70,784	15,300	52,538
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	14,460	13,500	10,868
Trading	226	-	6,703
Study Support Centre	226	2,300	311
The Family So'otaga	18,720	19,000	19,159
	33,632	34,800	37,041
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	37,152	(19,500)	15,497

4. Learning Resources

gg	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	78,477	109,163	88,279
Library Resources	649	2,500	1,795
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,662,027	1,660,742	1,643,839
Staff Development	5,738	17,000	8,614
Depreciation	58,297	50,409	55,644
	1,805,188	1,839,814	1,798,171



5. Administration

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	7,347	7,347	7,133
Board Fees	2,315	4,000	2,970
Board Expenses	3,381	5,700	2,653
Communication	2,673	5,100	3,802
Consumables	7,447	18,000	8,054
Legal Fees	431	1,500	596
Other	14,601	19,390	15,388
Employee Benefits - Salaries	97,281	96,020	91,781
Insurance	11,248	12,000	10,915
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	11,340	13,000	11,160
Healthy School Lunch Programme	232,407	-	176,238
	390,471	182,057	330,690

6. Property

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	8,653	7,200	6,824
Consultancy and Contract Services	48,122	40,200	43,029
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	38,879	12,531	25,485
Heat, Light and Water	15,797	17,000	17,721
Rates	-	2,000	-
Repairs and Maintenance	23,708	23,000	19,025
Use of Land and Buildings	175,728	126,001	126,001
Security	3,475	3,000	1,040
Employee Benefits - Salaries	25,083	20,386	22,409
	339,445	251,318	261,534

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. This is used as a 'proxy' for the market rental of the property.

7. Other Expenses

7. Other Expenses	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Transport	22,887	29,000	20,897
	22,887	29,000	20,897
8. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2023	2023	2022
	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Bank Accounts	347,870	208,160	418,540
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	347,870	208,160	418,540

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.



A A		· maka E		ماماء،
9. A	CCOL	ınts F	Receiv	able

9. Accounts Receivable	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	28,093	5,963	5,129
Interest Receivable	2,769	165	576
Banking Staffing Underuse Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	-	18,150	-
reacher Salaries Grant Receivable	105,894	111,656	108,553
	136,756	135,934	114,258
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	30,862	6,128	5,705
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	105,894	129,806	108,553
	136,756	135,934	114,258
10. Inventories			
	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Stationery	-	144	226
Uniforms	-	4,380	-
		4,524	226
11. Investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:			
The Schools investment activities are classified as follows.	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Current Asset			
Short-term Bank Deposits	141,891	24,030	64,137
Shares	1,030	-	1,030
Total Investments	142,921	24,030	65,167



12. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2023	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	370,945	-	-	-	(8,431)	362,514
Building Improvements	43,981	-	-	-	(2,554)	41,427
Furniture and Equipment	56,282	44,319	(315)	-	(14,388)	85,898
Information and Communication Technology	42,600	10,732	(1,509)	-	(19,139)	32,684
Motor Vehicles	11,447	-	-	-	(2,687)	8,760
Leased Assets	14,925	7,820	-	-	(10,288)	12,457
Library Resources	4,762	1,746	-	-	(810)	5,697
Balance at 31 December 2023	544,942	64,617	(1,824)	-	(58,297)	549,437

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$12,457 (2022: \$14,925) Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	421,528	(59,014)	362,514	421,528	(50,583)	370,945
Building Improvements	51,076	(9,649)	41,427	51,076	(7,095)	43,981
Furniture and Equipment	363,012	(277,114)	85,898	347,669	(291,387)	56,282
Information and Communication Technology	195,768	(163,084)	32,684	221,156	(178,556)	42,600
Motor Vehicles	26,870	(18,110)	8,760	26,870	(15,423)	11,447
Leased Assets	38,381	(25,924)	12,457	37,526	(22,601)	14,925
Library Resources	10,387	(4,690)	5,697	8,641	(3,879)	4,762
Balance at 31 December	1,107,022	(557,585)	549,437	1,114,466	(569,524)	544,942



1	3.	Acco	unts	Pav	<i>v</i> able
---	----	------	------	-----	---------------

13. Accounts Payable	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	24,958	17,670	15,564
Accruals	7,347	5,425	7,133
Employee Entitlements - Salaries Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	105,894	111,656 11,110	108,553
Employee Emiliements - Leave Accidal	15,408	11,110	12,064
	153,607	145,861	143,314
Payables for Exchange Transactions	153,607	145,861	143,314
	450.007	4.45.004	440.044
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.	153,607	145,861	143,314
14. Borrowings			
	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Loans due in one year	4,983	-	-
Loans due after one year	17,441	-	-
-	22,424	_	
-			
15. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Income In Advance Attendance Dues	6,625 (112)	- (1,311)	2,000 245
Grants in Advance - MOE	6,511	(1,311)	243
—	0,011		
-	13,024	(1,311)	2,245
16. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	2023	2023	2022
	2023	Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	69,091	3,669	68,138
Increase to the Provision During the Year	12,591	12,531	12,591
Use of the Provision During the Year Other Adjustments	-	-	12,894 (24,532)
Provision at the End of the Year	81,682	16,200	69,091
	01,002	10,200	09,091
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	63,000	16,200	_
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	18,682	-	69,091
-	81,682	16,200	69,091
=	01,002	10,200	30,001

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule, the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2024. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.



17. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	8,025	9,384	10,470
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	6,411	10,426	6,239
Future Finance Charges	(1,232)	-	(951)
	13,204	19,810	15,758
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	7,247	9,384	9,795
Finance lease liability - Non current	5,957	10,426	5,963
	13,204	19,810	15,758

18. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

The Proprietor of the School (Roman Catholic Bishop of the Diocese of Wellington) is a related party of the School Board because the proprietor appoints representatives to the School Board, giving the proprietor significant influence over the School Board. Any services or contributions between the School Board and Proprietor have been disclosed appropriately, if the proprietor collects fund on behalf of the school (or vice versa) the amounts are disclosed.

The Proprietor provides land and buildings free of charge for use by the School Board as noted in Note 1(c). The estimated value of this use during the current period is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense as "Use of Land and Buildings".

Under an agency agreement, the School collects funds on behalf of the Proprietor. These include attendance dues, building levy and special character donations payable to the Proprietor. The amounts collected in total were \$0 (2022: \$0). These do not represent revenue in the financial statements of the school. Any balance not transferred at the year end is treated as a liability. The total funds held by the school on behalf of the proprietor are \$0 (2022: \$0).



19. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2023 Actual \$	2022 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	2,315	2,970
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	577,356	622,520
Full-time equivalent members	5.00	6.04
Total key management personnel remuneration	579,671	625,490

There are 7 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2023	2022	
	Actual	Actual	
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000	
Salary and Other Payments	150 - 160	140 - 150	
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5	
Termination Benefits	-	-	

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2023	2022
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	5.00	2.00
110 - 120	1.00	-
	6.00	2.00

2022

2022

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



20. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2023 Actual	2022 Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	-	-

21. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets (except as noted below) as at 31 December 2023 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2022: the same).

In 2023 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The school is still yet to receive a final wash up that adjusts the estimated quarterly instalments for the actual teacher aides employed in 2023.

The Ministry is in the process of determining the amount of the final wash up payment for the year ended 31 December 2023. Even though the payment is probable, the amount to be received is not known with a high level of certainty. The school has therefore not recognised the expected receipt (asset) and income in its financial statements. The payment is expected to be received in July 2024.

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

22. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2023 (Capital commitments at 31 December 2022: \$0).

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2023 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2022: nil).



23. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	347,870	208,160	418,540
Receivables	136,756	135,934	114,258
Investments - Term Deposits	142,921	24,030	64,137
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	627,547	368,124	596,935
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	153,607	145,861	143,314
Borrowings - Loans	22,424	-	-
Finance Leases	13,204	19,810	15,758
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	189,235	165,671	159,072
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense			
Equity Investments	1,030	-	1,030

Fair value estimation

Equity investments held have been revalued to the quoted value at year end.

24. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

25. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



Holy Family School (Porirua)

Members of the Board

Nama	Docition	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Name	Position		•
John Lafaele	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2025
Suzanne Goodin	Principal	ex Officio	
Bryce Tuala	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Annabell Malaulau	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Joshuaa Alefosio-Pei	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Faye Levanatabua	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Father Isaac	Proprietors Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Tina Tiumalu	Proprietors Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025



Holy Family School (Porirua)

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2023, the school received total Kiwisport funding of \$3,018 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

For the year ended 31st December 2023 the Holy Family School (Porirua) Board:

- Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment
- Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all requirements and identified best practice.
- Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.
- Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.
- Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.